

SAN DIEGO COPERMITTEES LID Sizing Calculator Workshop *San Diego HMP Overview*

Presented by Eric Mosolgo, PE
Brown and Caldwell
May 28, 2009
San Diego, California

Introductions

- Sara Agahi – County of San Diego
- Nancy Gardiner – Brown and Caldwell
- Dan Cloak – Dan Cloak Consulting
- Tony Dubin – Brown and Caldwell
- Eric Mosolgo – Brown and Caldwell

*REVIEW OF MAY 1, 2009
DRAFT HMP SUBMITTAL
TO RWQCB*



EXECUTIVE SUMMARY AND
SECTIONS 1 - 3

- Section 1 - Introduction
- Section 2 – Copermittee Process
- Section 3 – Technical Advisory Committee (TAC)
- Refer to Appendix A for TAC members



SECTION 4 – LITERATURE REVIEW

- Flow control Approach
- Rainfall Data
- Rainfall Loss / Infiltration Data
- Rainfall Loss / Evaporation Data



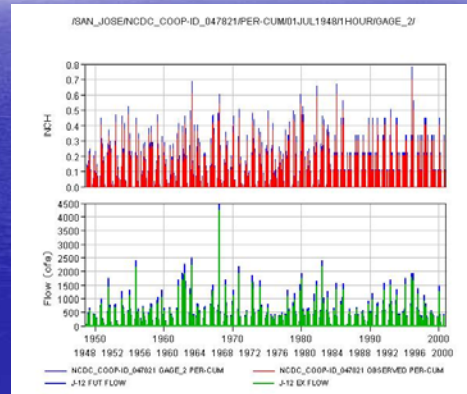
Section 4.1 – Flow Control Approach

- Review of Santa Clara HMP
- Review of Contra Costa HMP
- Selection of consultant team for San Diego HMP
- Interim HMP flow control criteria



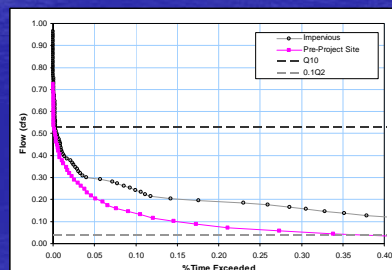
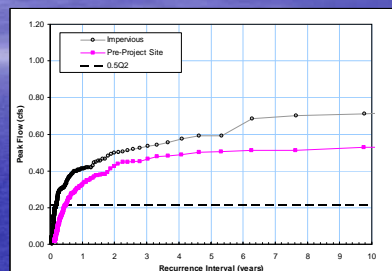
Section 4.2 – Rainfall Data

- Continuous simulation of local rainfall
- Sizing to a design storm is not sufficient
- Rainfall record preparation
- Partial duration calculator



Section 4.2 – Rainfall Data

- Peak Flow Frequency Analysis
- Flow Duration Statistics
- Refer to Appendices B and E for Additional Information



Section 4.3 – Rainfall Loss / Infiltration Data

- HSPF study reviews for Southern California
- San Diego RWQCB TMDL studies
- SCCWRP studies
- Ventura County watershed studies
- Refer to Appendix C for additional information

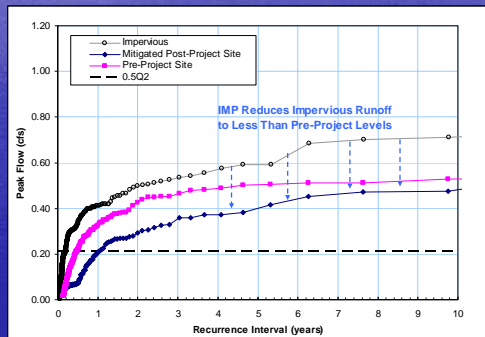
Section 4.4 – Rainfall Loss / Evaporation Data

- Evapotranspiration station review
- Evaporation data from City of San Diego reservoirs
- Historical evaporation data from Lake Heneshaw and Lake Cuyamaca
- Refer to Appendix D for additional information



SECTION 5 – METHODOLOGY AND TECHNICAL APPROACH

- Flow Control Limits
- Categorization of Streams
- Cumulative Watershed Impacts



Section 5.1 – Flow Control Limits

- Final criteria for rates and durations
- Lower flow threshold determination
- Minimum flow threshold
- Pending TAC approval
- Refer to Appendix G for additional information



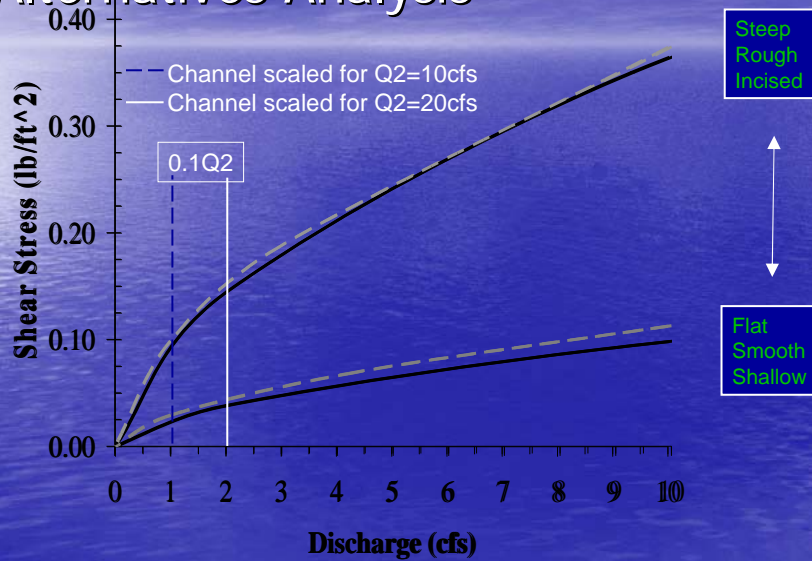
Section 5.1 – Summary of Preliminary Flow Threshold Analysis

- Synthetic modeling approach
- Hydrologic analysis
- Sediment transport modeling
- Third party review
- Sensitivity analysis
- Refer to Appendix F for additional information
- *PWA ANALYSIS SHOWED LOWER FLOW LIMIT CONVERGING TO $0.1Q_2$*

Section 5.1 – Lower Flow Threshold Alternatives Analysis

- Identification of alternate lower flow thresholds for erosion-resistant channels
- Identification of a minimum flow rate as an alternate lower flow threshold
- Alternate lower flow threshold based on watershed position

Section 5.1 – Lower Flow Threshold Alternatives Analysis



Section 5.2 – Analysis and Categorization of Streams

- Work being prepared by SCCWRP
- Development of rapid assessment channel screening tools to identify channel susceptibility
- Receiving streams to be classified as having a High, Medium or Low susceptibility ratings

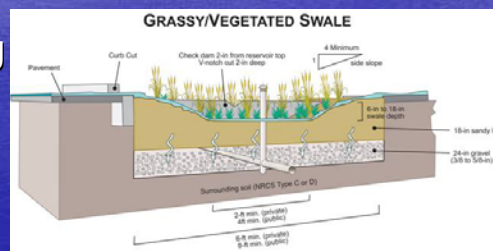
Section 5.3 – Cumulative Watershed Impacts

- Work being prepared by SCCWRP
- Quantification of the domain of assessment downstream of project
- Related to watershed position concept referred to in lower flow threshold alternatives analysis



SECTION 6 – REQUIREMENTS / STANDARDS FOR PROJECTS

- No increase in impervious cover
- LID/HMP sizing using sizing calculator
- Continuous flow duration control modeling
- Geomorphic analysis
- Pending TAC approval



Contra Costa Clean Water Program – IMP Sizing Tool

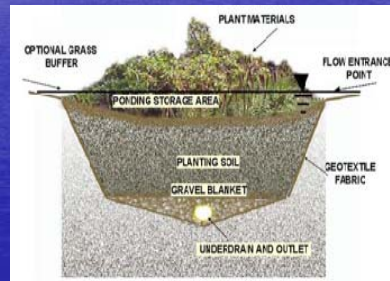
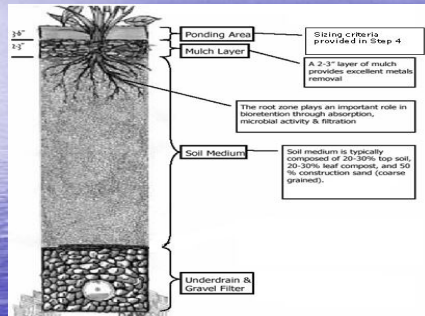
- Continuous hydrology, flow duration analysis
- User-friendly
- Pre-determined sizing factors

The screenshot shows the 'Integrated Management Practice Calculator' window. It includes a 'Project Information' section with fields for Project Name (Storage Manor Estates), Location, APN, Total Area (88500 sq ft), and Mean Annual Precip (20 in). There are radio buttons for 'Design Goal' (Treatment Plus Flow Control, selected) and 'Treatment Only'. Below this is a tabbed interface with 'Integrated Management Practices (IMPs)' selected. The IMP1 section shows 'Soil Group' as 'C' and 'Type' as 'Flow-through Planter'. It has input fields for Minimum Area (605), Planned Area (605), and Max Underdrain Flow (0.014000). A 3D diagram of a planter is shown to the right. At the bottom, a summary table shows: Total Area (Calculated) 10000 sq ft, Drainage Management Areas 0 sq ft, Integrated Management Practices 0 sq ft, and Total 10000 sq ft. A warning message states: 'WARNING: Total area of DMAs and IMPs does not equal the total project area.'

SECTION 6 - Exceptions

- Discharge to hardened conveyance systems
- Projects in highly urbanized watersheds downstream to stable waterway
- Geomorphic analysis to prove channel stability considering flow increase and sediment reductions

SECTION 7 – SELECTION AND IMPLEMENTATION OF BMPs



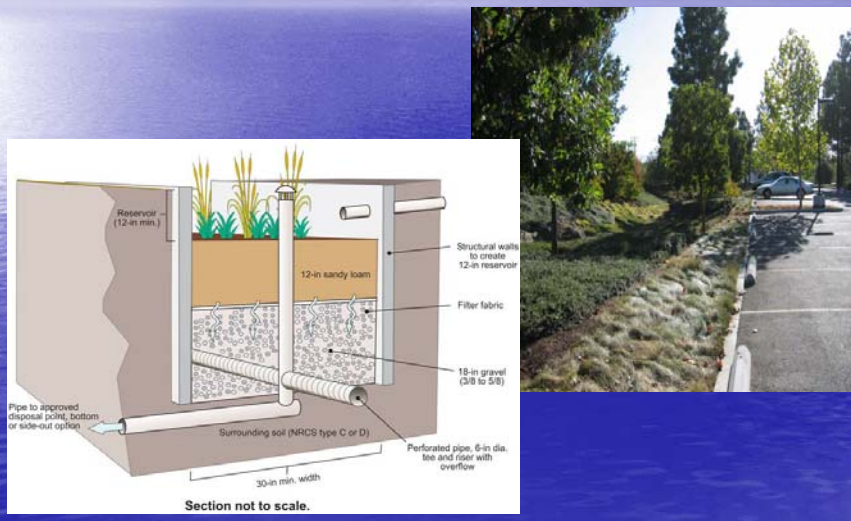
SECTION 7 – DECISION MATRIX

- Used to determine HMP criteria applicability
- Used to determine appropriate lower flow threshold
- Used to determine appropriate method of analysis
- Used to determine recommended mitigation options
- Pending TAC approval

SECTION 8 – MONITORING AND BMP EVALUATION



SECTIONS 9 AND 10 – CONCLUSIONS AND LIMITATIONS



Questions and Contact Information

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